A-Level Economics

Economics isn't the study of money, but studying economics enables us to realise what money is - the most versatile unit of measurement.







Big questions in Economics

- Why can't we just print money?
- Why is the gap between rich and poor so big?
- How will Brexit change Britain?
- Should we abolish tuition fees?
- Why are waiting lists so long?
- Can countries grow and protect the environment at the same time?
- Do tech companies have too much power?
- What can we do to tackle poverty?

Content

RHS follows the Edexcel exam board for Economics.

- 1. Introduction to markets and market failure (Micro)
- 2. The UK economy performance and policies (Macro)
- 3. Business behaviour and the labour market (Micro)
- 4. A global perspective (Macro)

Assessment

- Paper 1: Markets and business behaviour, 2 hours (35% of grade)
- Paper 2: The national and global economy, 2 hours (35% of grade)
- Paper 3: Microeconomics and macroeconomics, 2 hours (30% of grade)

Multiple-choice and short answer questions, data response questions, extended open-response questions

Careers with economics

- Economists are employed by a wide range of different employers – you could work in the financial sector, for a tech company, an economic consultancy, the government or an NGO.
- Most economics graduates don't work as economists.
 Instead, they use their skills in a diverse range of careers:
 Analysis (financial, market, data), Public policy, Consulting,
 Accountancy, Research, Charity/ development, Market regulation.

Why study Economics?

Studying for an economics degree gives you a versatile set of skills that you can take into a wide range of different careers.

- Analytical skills you will be good at distilling and analysing complex problems
- Market insights from designing and regulating tech industries to understanding consumers, you will have an excellent understanding of markets and incentives
- Working with data you will likely be comfortable with handling data and using it to generate solutions