## Completing the square

## A LEVEL LINKS

Scheme of work: 1b. Quadratic functions - factorising, solving, graphs and the discriminants

## Key points

- Completing the square for a quadratic rearranges $a x^{2}+b x+c$ into the form $p(x+q)^{2}+r$
- If $a \neq 1$, then factorise using $a$ as a common factor.


## Examples

Example 1 Complete the square for the quadratic expression $x^{2}+6 x-2$

| $x^{2}+6 x-2$ | Write $x^{2}+b x+c$ in the form <br> $=(x+3)^{2}-9-2$ <br> $\left(x+\frac{b}{2}\right)^{2}-\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^{2}+c$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $=(x+3)^{2}-11$ | 2 Simplify |

Example 2 Write $2 x^{2}-5 x+1$ in the form $p(x+q)^{2}+r$

| $2 x^{2}-5 x+1$ | 1 Before completing the square write $a x^{2}+b x+c$ in the form $a\left(x^{2}+\frac{b}{a} x\right)+c$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $=2\left(x^{2}-\frac{5}{2} x\right)+1$ | 2 Now complete the square by writing $x^{2}-\frac{5}{2} x$ in the form $\left(x+\frac{b}{2}\right)^{2}-\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^{2}$ |
| $=2\left[\left(x-\frac{5}{4}\right)^{2}-\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{2}\right]+1$ $=2\left(x-\frac{5}{4}\right)^{2}-\frac{25}{8}+1$ | 3 Expand the square brackets - don't forget to multiply $\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^{2}$ by the factor of 2 <br> 4 Simplify |

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## Practice

1 Write the following quadratic expressions in the form $(x+p)^{2}+q$
a $\quad x^{2}+4 x+3$
b $\quad x^{2}-10 x-3$
c $\quad x^{2}-8 x$
d $x^{2}+6 x$
e $\quad x^{2}-2 x+7$
f $x^{2}+3 x-2$

2 Write the following quadratic expressions in the form $p(x+q)^{2}+r$
a $\quad 2 x^{2}-8 x-16$
b $4 x^{2}-8 x-16$
c $\quad 3 x^{2}+12 x-9$
d $2 x^{2}+6 x-8$

3 Complete the square.
a $\quad 2 x^{2}+3 x+6$
b $3 x^{2}-2 x$
c $5 x^{2}+3 x$
d $3 x^{2}+5 x+3$

## Extend

4 Write $\left(25 x^{2}+30 x+12\right)$ in the form $(a x+b)^{2}+c$.

## 

## Answers

1 a $(x+2)^{2}-1$
c $\quad(x-4)^{2}-16$
d $(x+3)^{2}-9$
e $\quad(x-1)^{2}+6$

2 a $2(x-2)^{2}-24$
c $3(x+2)^{2}-21$

3 a $2\left(x+\frac{3}{4}\right)^{2}+\frac{39}{8}$
c $5\left(x+\frac{3}{10}\right)^{2}-\frac{9}{20}$
f $\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2}-\frac{17}{4}$
b $4(x-1)^{2}-20$
d $2\left(x+\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2}-\frac{25}{2}$
b $3\left(x-\frac{1}{3}\right)^{2}-\frac{1}{3}$
$4(5 x+3)^{2}+3$
b $(x-5)^{2}-28$
d
d $3\left(x+\frac{5}{6}\right)^{2}+\frac{11}{12}$

